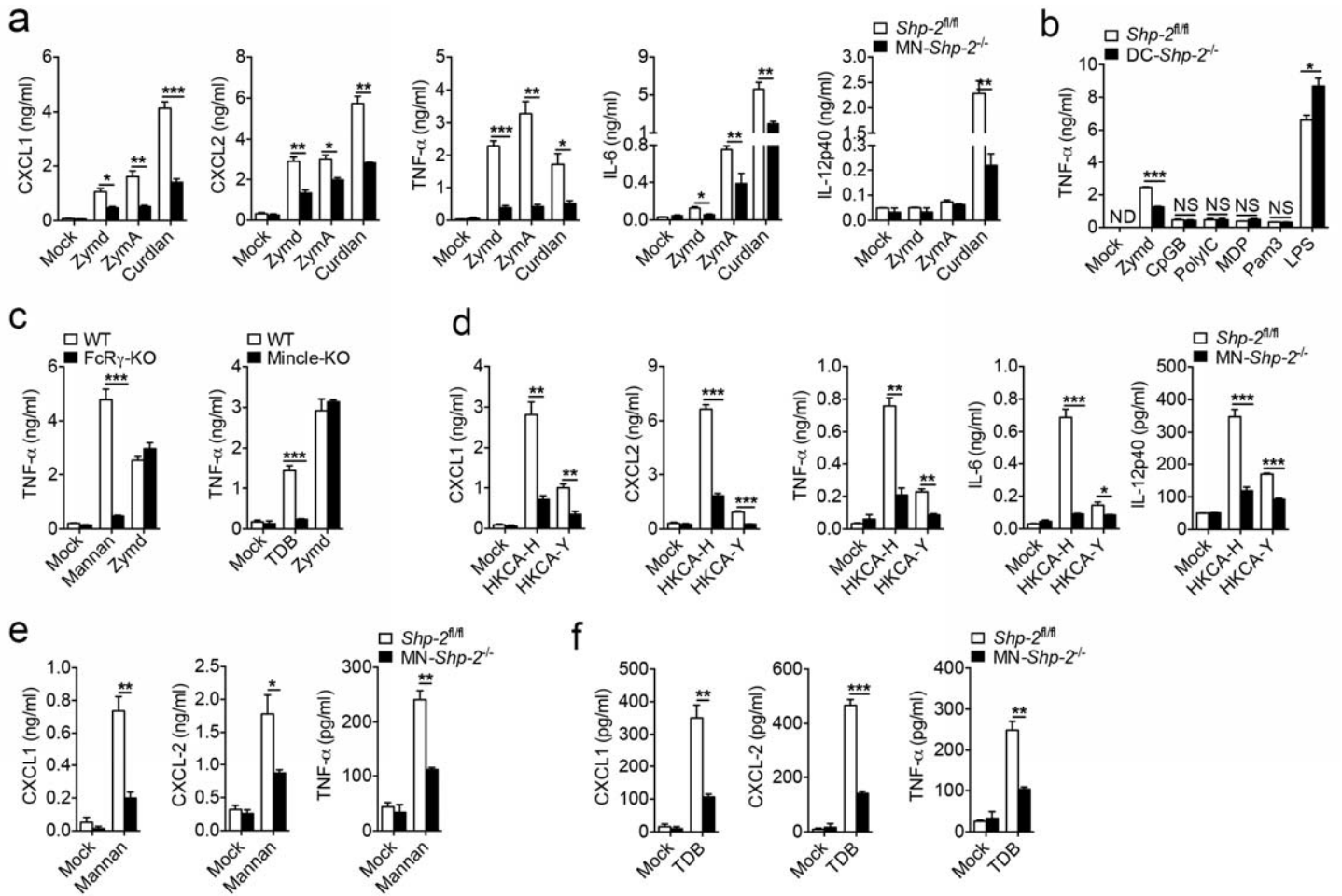


Supplementary Figure 1

SHP-2 is tyrosine-phosphorylated and regulates pro-inflammatory gene expression after stimulation with dectin-1 ligands.

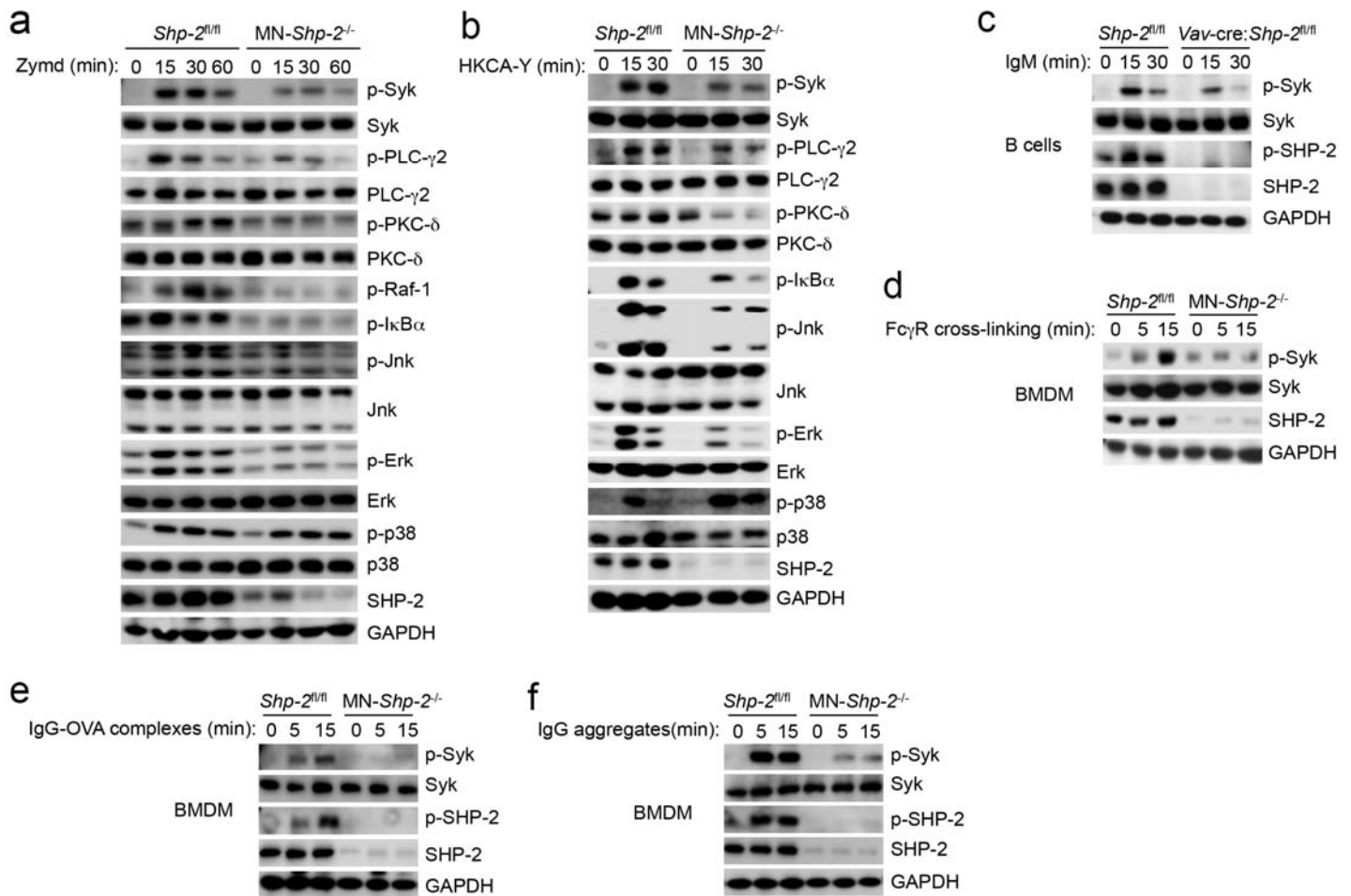
(a) Wild-type BMDMs primed with IL-4 (10ng/ml) overnight were either untreated or treated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml) for various times and Immunoblotting was conducted by respective antibodies as indicated. (b,c) BMDCs were untreated or pretreated by laminarin for 30 min, followed by 100 μ g/ml Zymd treatment (b); WT and dectin-1^{-/-} BMDCs differentiated by GM-CSF (20ng/ml) and IL-4 (10ng/ml) were stimulated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml) (c). Immunoblot analysis was conducted with anti-p-SHP2 and anti-p-SYK. (d) BMDCs from WT and dectin-1 deficient mice (dectin-1-KO) were stimulated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml) for 24 h, supernatants were collected for ELISA. (e) Peritoneal macrophages were isolated from wild-type mice intraperitoneally injected with 4% Thioglycolate broth in PBS for 4 days, and stimulated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml) for various times. (f) BMDMs with or without IL-4 (10ng/ml) priming overnight were either untreated or treated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml). (g) BMDCs differentiated by GM-CSF (20ng/ml) w/ or w/o IL-4 (10ng/ml) were stimulated with Pam3 (100ng/ml), Zymd (100 μ g/ml), or LPS (100ng/ml) for 24 hours and secreted TNF was measured by ELISA. (h) Cell lysates from BMDMs, BMDCs, spleen B cells and T cells generated from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}*, *DC-Shp-2^{-/-}* and *MN-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were probed by anti-SHP2 and anti-GAPDH. (i) Cell lysates from BMDCs generated from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* and *DC-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were probed by indicated antibodies. (j) Cell lysates from BMDMs generated from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* and *MN-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were probed by indicated antibodies. Data are presented as mean \pm SEM from three samples of one representative experiment of three. Note: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$.



Supplementary Figure 2

SHP-2 plays a critical role in dectin-1- and *C. albicans*-induced gene expression.

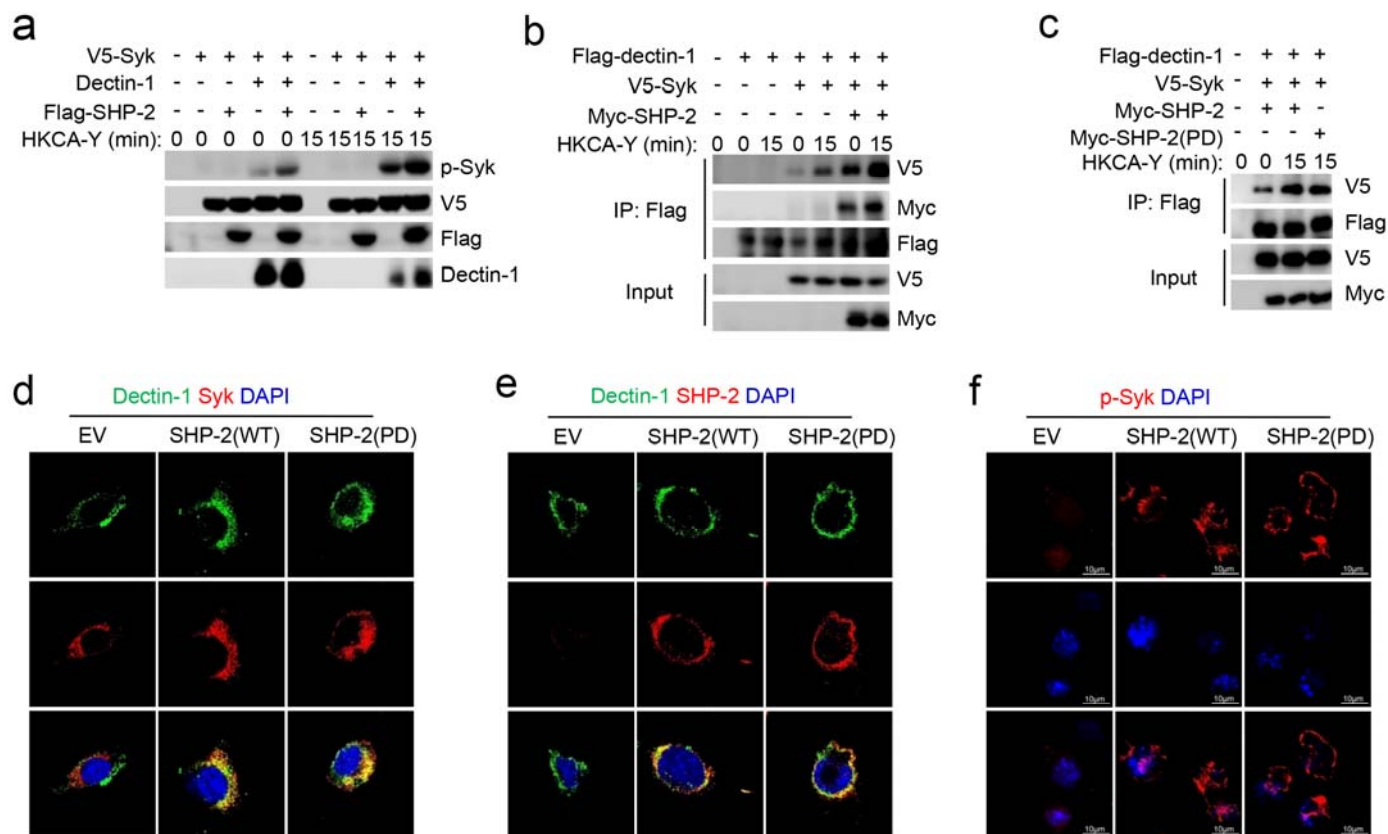
(a) BMDMs primed by IL-4 (10ng/ml) were stimulated by dectin-1 ligands Zymd (100 μ g/ml), ZymA (100 μ g/ml) or Curdlan (100 μ g/ml) for 24 h. Supernatants were collected for ELISA. (b) BMDCs were stimulated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml), MDP (10 μ g/ml), Pam3 (100ng/ml), CpGB (100nM), polyI:C (100 μ g/ml), or LPS (100ng/ml) for 24 h, and supernatants were collected for ELISA. (c) WT, FcR γ -KO and Mincle-KO BMDCs were stimulated with mannan (100 μ g/ml), TDB (50 μ g/well) or zymd (100 μ g/ml) for 24 h and secreted TNF was measured by ELISA. (d) BMDMs primed by IL-4 (10ng/ml) were stimulated by heat-killed yeast (MOI: 2) or hyphae of *C. albicans* (MOI: 1) for 24 h. Cytokines and chemokines were measured by ELISA. (e,f) BMDMs primed by GM-CSF (10ng/ml) were stimulated by dectin-2 ligand mannan (e) or Mincle ligand TDB (f) for 24 h. Supernatants were collected for ELISA. Data are presented as mean \pm SEM from 3 samples for each group, and one representative experiment of three is presented. Note: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$.



Supplementary Figure 3

SHP-2 mediates Syk activation in a variety of signaling pathways.

(a,b) BMDMs primed by IL-4 (10ng/ml) were either untreated or treated by Zymd (100 μ g/ml) (a) or heat-killed *C. albicans* yeast (MOI, 2) (b) and cell lysates were probed by indicated antibodies. (c) B cells were isolated from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* or *Vav-cre:Shp-2^{fl/fl}* spleens. Purified B cells were seeded into 12-well plate and stimulated with IgM (10 μ g/ml). (d) BMDMs from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* or *MN-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were incubated with anti-CD16/32 antibody (2.4G2, BD Biosciences, 10 μ g/ml) at 4 $^{\circ}$ C for 30 min, followed by cross-linking with mouse anti-rat IgG (30 μ g/ml) for various times at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. (e) BMDMs from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* or *MN-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were stimulated by OVA-IgG immune complexes (50 μ g/ml) for 5 or 15 min. OVA-IgG immune complexes were prepared by incubating albumin (Cat.# 02191349.2, MP BIOMEDICALS) with rabbit anti-OVA IgG fraction (Cat.# 0855029, MP BIOMEDICALS) at 1:10 ratio at 37 $^{\circ}$ C for 1 h. (f) BMDMs from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* or *MN-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were stimulated by heat-induced IgG aggregates (50 μ g/ml) for 5 or 15 min. IgG aggregates were produced by incubation of mouse IgG (Jackson labs, ImmunoResearch) in borate-buffered saline, pH8.0 at 63 $^{\circ}$ C for 30 min. Cell lysates were resolved by 10% SDS-PAGE and probed by indicated antibodies. All the experiments were repeated at least twice with similar results, and the representative data are shown.



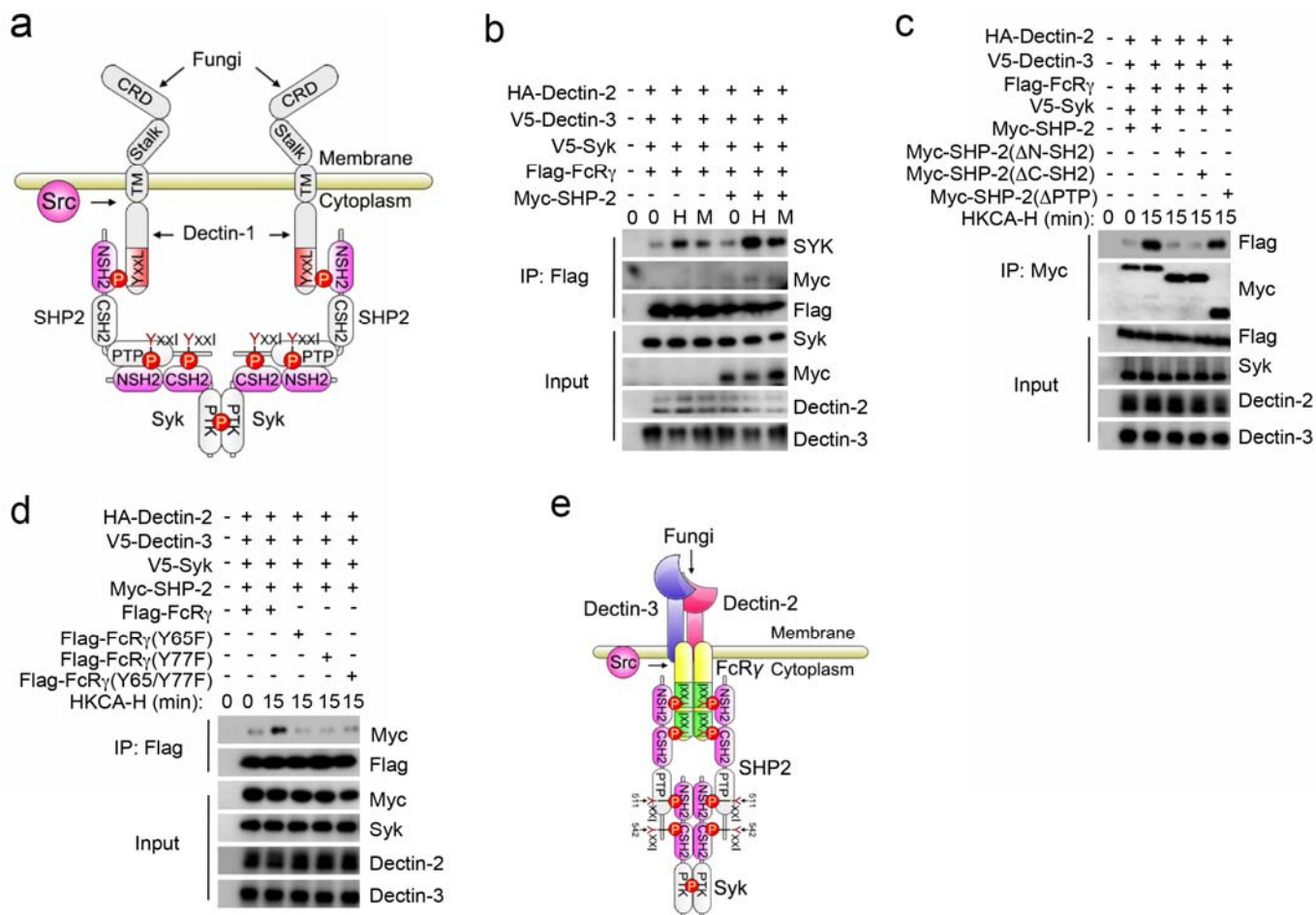
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Supplementary Figure 4

SHP-2 recruits Syk to dectin-1 and mediates Syk activation.

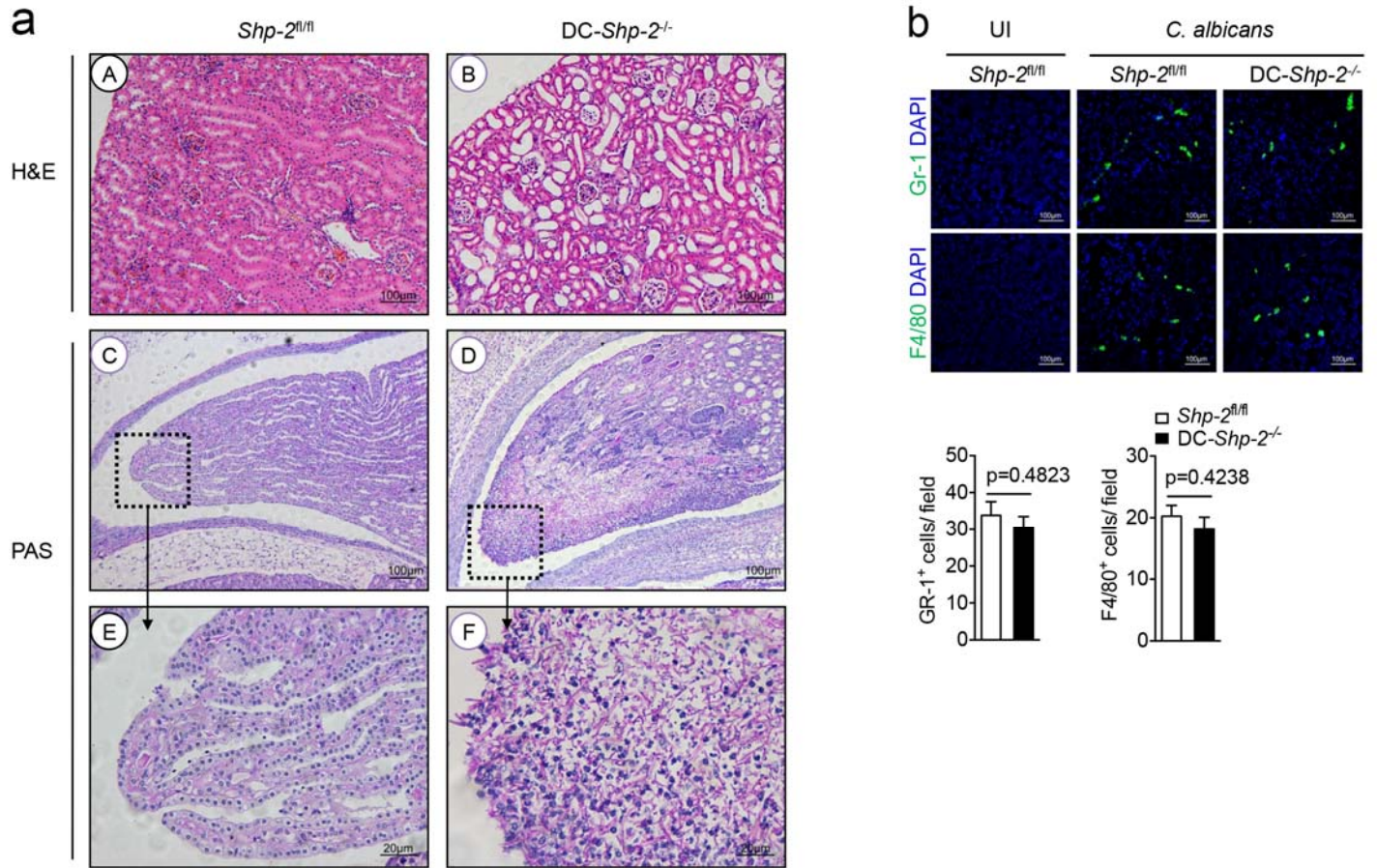
(a) HEK293T cells were transiently transfected by various combinations of plasmids expressing V5-Syk, dectin-1 or FLAG-SHP-2. 48 h after transfection, cells were left unstimulated or stimulated by heat-killed *C. albicans* yeast for 15 min. Cell lysates were probed by indicated antibodies. (b,c) HEK293T cells were transiently transfected by plasmids expressing Flag-dectin-1, V5-Syk, with or without Myc-SHP-2, Myc-SHP-2 phosphatase-inactive mutant (PD). 48 h after transfection, cells were left unstimulated or stimulated by heat-killed *C. albicans* yeast for 15 min. Cell lysates were immunoprecipitated by anti-Flag and probed by anti-V5, anti-Myc and anti-FLAG, respectively. (d-f) MN-*Shp-2*^{-/-} BMDMs were transduced by lentiviral vector pCDH, or pCDH expressing wild type or phosphatase-inactive mutant of SHP-2, respectively. Stable pools of lentiviral-transduced cells were primed by IL-4 (10ng/ml) overnight and then stimulated by Zymd (100μg/ml) for 10 min. BMDMs were fixed by paraformaldehyde and stained by indicated antibodies and DAPI, and fluorescence images were collected by a confocal laser microscope (d, e) or fluorescence microscope (f). Representative image from at least 20 fields of three different samples for each transduced cell type are shown. The above experiments were repeated twice with similar results.



Supplementary Figure 5

SHP-2 recruits Syk to dectin-1 or FcR γ and mediates Syk activation in CLR signaling.

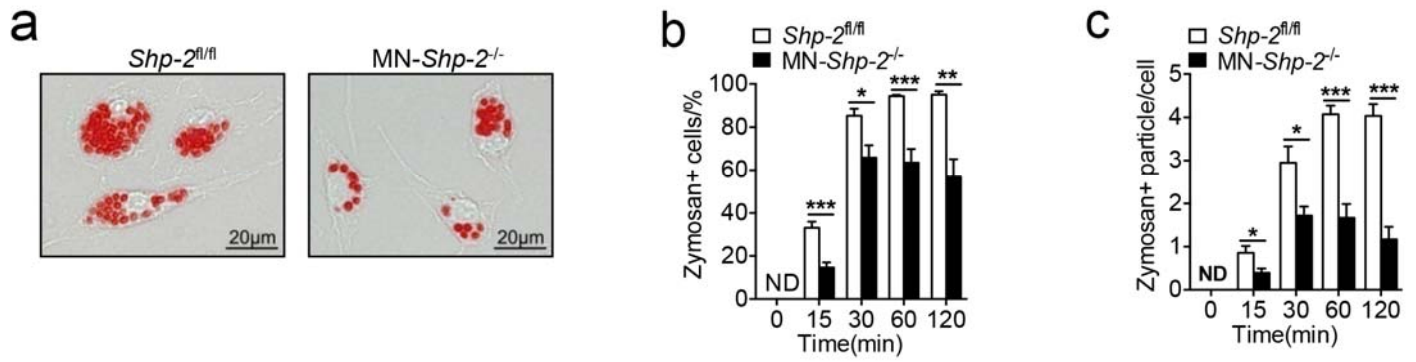
(a) Schematic presentation of a proposed model, in which SHP-2 operates as a scaffold protein recruiting Syk to dectin-1 through its N-SH2 and C-terminal ITAM motif. (b,c) HEK293T cells were transiently transfected by plasmids expressing HA-dectin-2, V5-dectin-3, Syk, FLAG-FcR γ along with mutants of Myc-SHP-2. 48 h after transfection, cells were left unstimulated or stimulated by mannan (M) or heat-killed *C. albicans* hyphae (H) for 15 min. Cell lysates were immunoprecipitated by anti-Flag and probed by indicated antibodies. These experiments were repeated twice with similar results. (d) HEK293T cells were transiently transfected by plasmids expressing HA-dectin-2, V5-dectin-3, Syk, Myc-SHP-2, FLAG-FcR γ or mutants. 48 h after transfection, cells were stimulated by heat-killed *C. albicans* hyphae for 15 min. Cell lysates were immunoprecipitated by anti-Myc and probed by anti-FLAG and anti-Myc sequentially. These experiments were repeated twice with similar results. (e) Schematic presentation of a proposed model, in which SHP-2 operates as a scaffold recruiting Syk to FcR γ in dectin-2/3 signaling through its N-terminal SH2 domains and C-terminal ITAM motif.



Supplementary Figure 6

DC-Shp-2^{-/-} mice exhibited severer tissue damage and more fungal burden in infected kidneys.

(a) Live *C. albicans* SC-5314 (2×10^5 fungal cells in 0.1ml of PBS buffer) were i.v. injected into 6-8 weeks old littermates of distinct genotypes. 5 days after infection, kidneys were harvested and fixed by 10% formalin and paraffin-embedded sections were stained by hematoxylin and eosin or periodic acid-Schiff, respectively. (b) *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* and *DC-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were infected by *C. albicans* SC-5314 (2×10^5 fungal cells per mouse) and kidneys were harvested in 3 days. Kidneys were embedded in OCT and frozen-sections were stained by anti-Gr-1 or anti-F4/80. UI: Uninfected. Representative images were shown and positive cells for each genotype were quantified over 15 fields from three independent samples.



Supplementary Figure 7

MN-Shp-2^{-/-} macrophages exhibited impaired phagocytosis of zymosan particles.

(a-c) BMDMs from *Shp-2^{fl/fl}* and *MN-Shp-2^{-/-}* mice were incubated with Alexa Fluor 594 labeled Zymosan for 2 h (a) or various times as indicated (b, c). Both zymosan positive cell percentage and zymosan particles per cell were quantified over 6 fields from each genotype. UI: Uninfected. Data are presented as mean \pm SEM of two experiments. Note: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$.

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Supplementary Table 1

Gene	Clone primers: 5'Forward sequence3'	Clone primers: 3'Reverse sequence5'
SHP-2	ATAGCTAGCATGACATCGCGGAGATGGTT	CCGGAATTCTCATCTGAAACTCCTCTGCTG
SHP-2(Δ N-SH2)	ATAGCTAGCATGACATCGCGGACTCGTATCAATGC	CCGGAATTCTCATCTGAAACTCCTCTGCTG
Syk	CGCGGATCCGCCACCATGGCGGGAAGTGCTGTGG	CCGCTCGAGCGGTTAACCACGTCGTAGTAG
Syk(Δ N-SH2)	CGCGGATCCGCCACCATGACCGGACCCTTTGAGGACC	CCGCTCGAGCGGTTAACCACGTCGTAGTAG
Dectin-2	CCGGAATTCCCACCATGGTGCAGGAAAGACAATCC	TGCTCTAGATAGGTAAATCTTCTTCATTTT
Dectin-3	CGCGGATCCGCCACCATGTGGCTGGAAGAATCCCA	CCGCTCGAGCGCTTCGAGGGCTTCCAAAT
FcR γ	ATAGCGGCCGCCTGGGGTGGTTTCTCAT	ATAGCGGCCGCTTACTTATCGTCGTCATCCTTGTAATCCTGGGGTGGTTTCTCA
Gene	Overlap primers: 5'Forward sequence3'	Overlap primers: 3'Reverse sequence5'
SHP-2(Y542F)	GACATGAATTTACCAATATTAAG	CTTAATATTGGTAAATTCATGTC
SHP-2 (Y511F)	GACATGAATTTACCAATATTAAG	CTTAATATTGGTAAATTCATGTC
SHP-2(Δ C-SH2)	AGACCCTACCTCTGAAACTCGTATCAATG	GCAGCATTGATACGAGTTTTCAGAGGTAGG
Dectin-1(Y15F)	CCGGAATTCGCCACCATG AAA TAT CAC TCT CAT ATA G	ATAGCGGCCGCAGCGTAGTCTGGGACGTCG
Syk(Δ C-SH2)	CCACGGCCCATGGTGCACAGATG	CATCTGTGCACCATGGGCCGTGG

Supplementary Table 2

Antibody	Clone	Distributor
Anti-Rabbit- p-PLC γ 2 (Tyr759)	#3874	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- PLC γ 2	#3872	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-Syk (Tyr525/526)	#2710	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-PKC δ (Th505)	#9374	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- PKC δ	#9616	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-Raf-1 (Ser338)	#9427	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-SHP-2 (Tyr542)	#3751	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-I κ B α (Ser32)	#2859	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-p38 (Thr180/Tyr182)	#9211	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- p-JNK (Thr183/Tyr185)	#4668	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- JNK	#9252	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- HA	#3721	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- Src	#2110	Cell signaling Technology
Anti-Rabbit- Erk	SC-93	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Mouse- p-ERK	SC-7383	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Mouse- p-Tyr	Sc-7020	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Rabbit- p38	SC-728	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Rabbit- SHP-2	SC-280	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Mouse- MYC	SC-40	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Rat- dectin1	SC-73897	Santa Cruz Biotechnology
Anti-Rabbit-GAPDH	#AP0063	Bioworld
Anti-Mouse-Syk	ALX-804-480-C100	Enzo Life Sciences
Anti-Rabbit-FLAG	F3165	Sigma
Anti-Mouse-FLAG beads	M2	Sigma
Anti-Rabbit-FcR γ	06-727	Upstate Biotechnology
Anti-Rabbit-Raf-1	AB20484b	Sangon biotech
Anti-Mouse-Mincle	D292-3	MBL International
anti Rat Ly-6G and Ly-6c	550291	BD Biosciences
Anti-Mouse F40/80	14-4801	Ebioscience
Anti-OVA IgG fraction	0855029	MP BIOMEDICALS
Anti-Rat-CD16/32 antibody	2.4G2	BD Biosciences

Supplementary Table 3

Gene	GeneBankID	5'Forward sequence3'	3'Reverse sequence5'
mIL-17A	NM_010552	CCAGGGAGAGCTTCATCTGTGT	AAGTCCTTGGCCTCAGTGTTTG
mIL-17F	NM_145856	GAAGAAGCAGCCATTGGAGAAA	AGCTGCTACCTCCCTCAGAATG
mIFN- γ	NM_008337	GGCACAGTCATTGAAAGCCTAGA	GTCACCATCCTTTTGCCAGTTC
mGAPDH	NM_002046	TGGAGAAACCTGCCAAGTATGA	CTGTTGAAGTCGCAGGAGACAA